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In the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) An assay for detecting an effect a compound has on a membrane receptor/reporter-fusion-protein, comprising the steps of:

a) adding the compound to a cell <u>expressing a comprising said</u> membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein, the fusion protein comprising a membrane receptor segment and a reporter segment; and

b) detecting any change of said receptor/reporter fusion protein <u>by detecting a signal</u> from the reporter segment; wherein the membrane receptor segment is a constitutively active mutant receptor.

2. (Original) The assay according to claim 1 wherein said assay is used to screen compounds for their effect on membrane receptors.

3. - 4. (Cancelled)

5. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim [[3]] 2 wherein the membrane receptor is a constitutively active mutant receptor and any change is detected as an increase in activity of the receptor/reporter segment of the fusion protein.

6. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 1 wherein said assay is used to identify compounds that disrupt normal membrane receptor interactions, or can in themselves disrupt such interactions.

7. (Previously Presented) The assay according to claim 1 for detecting a compound which serves as an inverse agonist, antagonist or agonist of the membrane receptor.

8. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 7 wherein said inverse agonist, antagonist or agonist of the membrane receptor is used in the study of receptor function—or therapy.

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9. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 1 wherein said membrane receptor is a growth factor receptor, cytokine receptor, ion channel, integrin, or G-protein coupled

receptor.

10. – 11. (Cancelled)

12. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim [[11]] 1 wherein the

eonstitutively active mutant membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein is initially unstable, such

that the reporter activity is detected at a basal level and wherein after binding of a compound to

the receptor/reporter segment of the fusion protein, the fusion protein is stabilized and an increase

in reporter activity is observed.

13. (Previously Presented) The assay according to claim 9 wherein said G-protein

coupled receptor is a serotonin receptor.

14. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 1 wherein the receptor/reporter

fusion protein is expressed from nucleic acid construct comprising a gene encoding said reporter

protein segment which is fused in-frame to the 5' or 3' end of a gene encoding said membrane

receptor segment.

15. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 1 wherein the functionality of

said membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein segment is substantially unaffected by fusion of

the reporter protein segment to the membrane receptor segment.

16. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 15 wherein said reporter protein

reporter segment is Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP), or active variant thereof.

17. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 16 wherein light emitted by said

GFP protein is detected by fluoumetry fluorimetry, FACS, or microscopy techniques.

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18. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 15 wherein said reporter protein

segment is Renilla reniformis (sea pansy) luciferase protein.

19. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 18 wherein said reporter protein

segment is luciferase which is detected in a microplate luminometer or using a CCD imaging

system.

20. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 1 wherein the signal from said

reporter protein segment is used to localize and/or quantify the membrane receptor segment.

21. (Currently Amended) An assay according to claim 20 wherein any change of said

membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein is detected as a change in cellular localisation of the

receptor/reporter fusion protein, or semi-quantitatively by the synthesis or degradation of said

membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein.

22. (Previously Presented) An assay according to claim 1 wherein said detection of any

change of said membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein is carried out with cells placed on the

surface of a microscope slide.

23. (Previously Presented) The assay according to claim 1 wherein said detection of any

change of said membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein is carried out on cells placed in a well

of a microtitre plate.

24. (Currently Amended) An assay for detecting a compound which ahs an effect on a

membrane receptor, comprising the steps of

a) expressing a membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein in a cell, wherein the

fusion protein comprises a membrane receptor segment and a reporter segment, and wherein the

membrane receptor segment is a constitutively active mutant receptor;

b) detecting a basal level of reporter activity;

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c) adding a test compound to the cell; and

d) detecting a resulting activity of the reporter protein segment, wherein alteration of reporter activity with respect to the basal level is due to the test compound having an effect on the membrane complex receptor segment.

25. (Cancelled)

26. (Currently Amended) The assay according to claim 24 wherein the membrane receptor is a constitutively active mutant receptor and alteration is an increase in reporter activity.

27. (Withdrawn) A membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein comprising a constitutively active mutant receptor which has a reporter added in-frame at the C-terminal.

28. (Withdrawn) The membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein according to claim 27 wherein the constitutively active mutant receptor is a GPCR.

29. (Withdrawn) The membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein according to claim 28 wherein the reporter protein is luciferase.

30. - 31. (Cancelled)

32. (Withdrawn) The membrane receptor/reporter fusion protein according to claim 27 wherein the reporter protein is GFP or luciferase.